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	CENTRAL INFELLIGENCE AGENCY	REPORT NO.		
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COUNTRY	Enat Germany	DATE DISTR	1 May 1953	
SUBJECT	.1. East German Jamming of West German Broadcasts 2. Production of Jamming Equipment at Funkwerk	NO. OF PAGES	8	
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INFO.

- 1. Two transmittors in Last Germany are engaged in jamming west German broadcasts:
 - a. A transmitter, type 50, completed by Funkwerk Koepenick at the end of 1951. This is a mobile 20 kW transmitter in the medium frequency range (500 to 1660 kHz). It is mounted on about ten truck vehicles and a number of auxiliary vehicles. As of February/March 1953 this transmitter was located in Durg near Magdeburg and was assigned the mask of jamming through webbling the transmissions of the MIAS Mof transmitter;
 - b. The old 20 kU transmitter in Flauen operating at 969 kHz, built by the Forenz firm. This transmitter is assigned the task of jamming through wobbling the transmissions of RIAS Berlin received in the area of faxony.
- 2. In to Earch 1953, Funkwerk Koepenick had not engaged in research, development, or construction of jamming equipment (with the exception of above mentioned fo transmitter). If jamming should be systematically developed in a more refined form than the above-mentioned operations, it is probable that the transmitter experts of Funkwerk Koepenick would at least be consulted. In a very rough and summary form, the following list indicates the jamming methods with which Funkwerk personnel are familiar and which would be developed if such an assignment were to be given to the works:
 - a. Frequency change by steps with the result of producing alternating howling sounds caused by frequency superimposition;
 - b. Frequency change with the aid of a resonant-circuit condensor with the effect of roducing wobble sounds;
 - c. Reception of the modulations of the target pransmitter and retransmitting them out of these with the effect of troducing ochoes. This is done with the aid of a circuit element influencing the transit time;
 - d. Recortion of the modulations of the target transmitter and retransmitting them without these distortion but with inverted

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frequency with the effect of changing high-ritched sounds into low-ritched ones and vice versa. This is done with the aid of a frequency inverter.

There is enough personnel available in the transmitter development division of Funkwerk Keepenick who would be able to handle the technical angle of jamming operations along one or all of the above mentioned lines. However, no request for making personnel available for this purpose has so far been made. It is believed that jamming research and development is still in the very initial stage in last termany. There are rumors that it will be taken up in an organized form in the near future. The newly founded Central Institute for the Technology of Lireless Communications (Mentralinstitute for Pucktechnik), affiliated to Main Administration for Direless Communications (Hauptverwaltung Funk) of the Einistry for lost and Telecommunications, has allegedly been assigned the task of undertaking jamming research and development. Dr. (fnu) Terhard, chief of the institute, and his assistant Dr. (fnu) Roosenstein are well acquainted with the technology of jamming.

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